# LBSC 690: Information Technology Homework Solution 05 Databases

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### Requirements: entities

- ► The digital drawings will be uploaded to a server external to the database, and refered to in the database by URL.
- For each drawing, the database must record the title of drawing, the date it was drawn, which student drew it, and what class they were in when they drew it.
- For each student, the database must record the student's given (first) name, family (last) name, and a list of all the classes the student is in.
- ► For each class, the database must record the name of the class (e.g. "Art", "Geography"), the year level of the class, and the name of the class teacher.

### Requirements: relations

- A drawing is drawn by only one student, but a student can draw many drawings.
- A student can belong to many classes, and each class can have many students.
- ► A drawing can be drawn in only one class, but each class can have many drawings made in it.

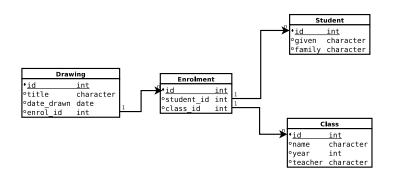
#### Issues: student to class

- We're required to record all classes a student is in
  - A standalone drawing database is not necessarily a good place to record this
  - But it depends on how the application will work
- Students are in many classes; classes have students; so this is a many-to-many relation.

## Resolution: link entity

- Relational model can't directly store many-to-many
- Instead, break out separate entity that holds the relation
- ► Here, natural name for relation representing "a student taking a class" is Enrolment

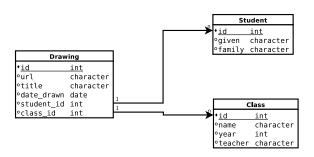
### Solution



### Criticism

- Requirement that we record student enrolments in drawing database is questionable:
  - Not directly necessary to store required information
  - Replicates data that is probably held elsewhere
  - Enforces a real-world constraint
  - Could be useful in interface (provide drop-down list of enrolments for a student)
- Alternate model would exclude the Enrolment entity
- Store information directly in Drawing

### Alternate solution



Note that this solution violates the formal requirement that the database stores all enrolments

### External data sources

- Relation with external databases a recurrent problem with database design.
- Putting everything in a single database, while attractive, often impractical:
  - Legacy systems
  - Proprietary systems
  - Organizational boundaries
  - Over-integration leading to excessive complexity
- Approaches:
  - Autonomy (duplicate information without direct updating)
  - Updates (import data on regular occasions, e.g. nightly, weekly)
  - ► Live link (provide interface for one application to query database of another)